

Calendar No. 612

110TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION**S. CON. RES. 70**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2009 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2008 and 2010 through 2013.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 7, 2008

Mr. CONRAD, from the Committee on the Budget, reported the following original concurrent resolution; which was placed on the calendar

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2009 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2008 and 2010 through 2013.

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
2 *concurring),*

3 **SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET**
4 **FOR FISCAL YEAR 2009.**

5 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-
6 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal
7 year 2009 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-

1 piate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2008 and 2010
 2 through 2013.

3 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
 4 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2009.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Social Security.

Sec. 103. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses.

Sec. 104. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—BUDGET PROCESS

Subtitle A—Direct Spending and Receipts

Sec. 201. Senate point of order against legislation increasing long-term deficits.

Subtitle B—Discretionary Spending

Sec. 211. Discretionary spending limits, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.

Sec. 212. Point of order against advance appropriations.

Sec. 213. Senate point of order against provisions of appropriations legislation that constitute changes in mandatory programs with net costs.

Sec. 214. Discretionary administrative expenses of the Postal Service.

Subtitle C—Other Provisions

Sec. 221. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.

Sec. 222. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.

Sec. 223. Debt disclosure requirement.

Sec. 224. Debt disclosures.

Sec. 225. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 301. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to strengthen and stimulate the American economy and provide economic relief to American families.

Sec. 302. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for improving education.

Sec. 303. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in America's infrastructure.

Sec. 304. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to invest in clean energy, preserve the environment, and provide for certain settlements.

Sec. 305. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for America's veterans and wounded servicemembers and for a post 9/11 GI bill.

Sec. 306. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve America's health.

Sec. 307. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for judicial pay and judgeships.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2013:

(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution:

(A) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2008: \$1,871,888,000,000.

Fiscal year 2009: \$2,013,878,000,000.

Fiscal year 2010: \$2,199,989,000,000.

Fiscal year 2011: \$2,432,588,000,000.

Fiscal year 2012: \$2,656,131,000,000.

Fiscal year 2013: \$2,755,116,000,000.

(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 2008: −\$7,652,000,000.

Fiscal year 2009: −\$83,246,000,000.

Fiscal year 2010: \$17,125,000,000.

Fiscal year 2011: \$4,563,000,000.

Fiscal year 2012: \$2,816,000,000.

Fiscal year 2013: \$376,000,000.

1 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
2 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
3 levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

4 Fiscal year 2008: \$2,579,255,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2009: \$2,533,732,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2010: \$2,555,303,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2011: \$2,687,125,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,726,134,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,846,988,000,000.

10 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
11 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
12 of total budget outlays are as follows:

13 Fiscal year 2008: \$2,476,755,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009: \$2,575,712,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010: \$2,616,270,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011: \$2,708,326,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2012: \$2,717,061,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2013: \$2,838,995,000,000.

19 (4) DEFICITS.—For purposes of the enforce-
20 ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
21 are as follows:

22 Fiscal year 2008: \$604,867,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2009: \$561,834,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2010: \$416,281,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2011: \$275,738,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012: \$60,930,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013: \$83,879,000,000.

3 (5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section
4 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974,
5 the appropriate levels of the public debt are as fol-
6 lows:

7 Fiscal year 2008: \$9,618,792,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2009: \$10,276,776,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2010: \$10,801,592,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2011: \$11,182,340,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2012: \$11,375,053,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2013: \$11,573,680,000,000.

13 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
14 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

15 Fiscal year 2008: \$5,418,643,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2009: \$5,801,633,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2010: \$6,029,151,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2011: \$6,096,509,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2012: \$5,936,083,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2013: \$5,793,011,000,000.

21 **SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.**

22 (a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of
23 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
24 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-
25 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance

1 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
 2 Fund are as follows:

3 Fiscal year 2008: \$666,705,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2009: \$695,876,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2010: \$733,571,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2011: \$772,468,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2012: \$809,798,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2013: \$845,044,000,000.

9 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of
 10 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
 11 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays
 12 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust
 13 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
 14 are as follows:

15 Fiscal year 2008: \$463,746,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2009: \$493,607,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2010: \$520,158,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2011: \$540,487,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2012: \$566,249,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2013: \$595,544,000,000.

21 (c) SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATIVE EX-
 22 PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
 23 thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
 24 Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-

1 ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
2 are as follows:

3 Fiscal year 2008:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$5,160,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$4,989,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2009:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$5,473,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$5,476,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2010:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$5,623,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$5,581,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2011:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$5,788,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$5,759,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2012:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$5,962,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$5,932,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2013:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$6,147,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$6,115,000,000.

2 **SEC. 103. POSTAL SERVICE DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRA-**
3 **TIVE EXPENSES.**

4 In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority
5 and budget outlays of the Postal Service for discretionary
6 administrative expenses are as follows:

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority, \$250,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$237,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2009:

11 (A) New budget authority, \$258,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$258,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2010:

14 (A) New budget authority, \$267,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$267,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2011:

17 (A) New budget authority, \$275,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$275,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2012:

20 (A) New budget authority, \$284,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$284,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2013:

23 (A) New budget authority, \$293,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$293,000,000.

1 **SEC. 104. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

2 Congress determines and declares that the appro-
 3 priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
 4 years 2008 through 2013 for each major functional cat-
 5 egory are:

6 (1) National Defense (050):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,
 9 \$693,273,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$604,289,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,
 13 \$612,497,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$645,433,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,
 17 \$550,414,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$607,032,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,
 21 \$557,026,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$577,925,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,
 25 \$565,800,000,000.

26 (B) Outlays, \$561,666,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2013:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$576,223,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$570,503,000,000.

5 (2) International Affairs (150):

6 Fiscal year 2008:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$38,608,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$33,771,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2009:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$34,472,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$37,324,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2010:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$35,663,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$35,898,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2011:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$36,322,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$35,514,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2012:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$36,866,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$35,415,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2013:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$37,024,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$35,082,000,000.

5 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology
6 (250):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$27,407,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$26,456,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$29,936,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$28,681,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$30,369,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$30,280,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$30,848,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$31,107,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$31,332,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$31,638,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$31,816,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$31,623,000,000.

6 (4) Energy (270):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,

9 \$3,548,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$1,681,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$7,026,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$2,843,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$6,935,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$4,533,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$6,916,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$5,481,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$6,895,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$5,981,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$6,858,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$6,159,000,000.

6 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$32,560,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$34,440,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$39,748,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$36,230,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$34,705,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$37,014,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$35,399,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$37,193,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$36,086,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$37,370,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$36,787,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$37,732,000,000.

6 (6) Agriculture (350):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,

9 \$22,423,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$21,495,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$21,377,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$21,127,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$21,532,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$20,501,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$21,665,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$20,659,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$21,994,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$21,176,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$22,307,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$21,513,000,000.

6 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,

9 \$11,516,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$5,441,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$9,350,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$3,764,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$11,133,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$3,562,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$7,713,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$824,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$8,028,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$492,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$8,254,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$195,000,000.

6 (8) Transportation (400):

7 Fiscal year 2008:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$83,789,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$77,870,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2009:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$75,131,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$83,311,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2010:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$78,075,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$85,504,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2011:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$78,913,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$86,779,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2012:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$79,763,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$88,515,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2013:

3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$80,640,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$90,534,000,000.

6 (9) Community and Regional Development
7 (450):

8 Fiscal year 2008:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$20,029,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$27,819,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2009:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$15,024,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$24,392,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2010:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$15,235,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$22,080,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2011:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$15,473,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$18,202,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2012:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$15,716,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$16,159,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2013:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$15,949,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$15,847,000,000.

8 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
9 Social Services (500):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$91,381,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$90,912,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$94,141,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$91,112,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$103,891,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$98,377,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$106,486,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$103,694,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$108,255,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$104,858,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$101,660,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$103,626,000,000.

9 (11) Health (550):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$286,108,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$287,211,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$309,404,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$307,274,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$324,863,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$325,285,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$345,558,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$344,735,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$368,273,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$367,091,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$393,283,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$391,805,000,000.

9 (12) Medicare (570):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$390,458,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$390,454,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$420,389,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$420,150,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$445,380,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$445,513,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$494,477,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$494,305,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$491,399,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$491,163,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$551,039,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$551,161,000,000.

9 (13) Income Security (600):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$393,591,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$394,613,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$411,748,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$417,187,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$416,312,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$418,131,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$425,425,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$426,180,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$411,458,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$411,587,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$426,718,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$426,609,000,000.

9 (14) Social Security (650):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$19,378,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$19,378,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$21,308,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$21,308,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$23,794,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$23,794,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$27,330,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$27,330,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$30,342,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$30,342,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$33,162,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$33,162,000,000.

9 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$86,365,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$83,551,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$93,268,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$92,352,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$95,615,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$95,394,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$100,959,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$100,748,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$97,782,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$97,064,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$103,241,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$102,521,000,000.

9 (16) Administration of Justice (750):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$46,282,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$44,322,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$47,498,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$46,411,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$47,977,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$49,155,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$48,866,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$49,680,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$49,778,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$49,751,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$50,727,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$50,425,000,000.

9 (17) General Government (800):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$56,407,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$56,920,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$24,474,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$24,432,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$19,966,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$20,166,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$20,387,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$20,399,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$20,788,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$20,932,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$21,103,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$20,987,000,000.

9 (18) Net Interest (900):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$349,462,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$349,462,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$335,088,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$335,088,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$372,156,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$372,156,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$408,964,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$408,964,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$430,098,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$430,098,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$438,484,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$438,484,000,000.

9 (19) Allowances (920):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$13,000,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$13,000,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 − \$1,087,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$4,351,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 − \$8,067,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, − \$7,460,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 − \$8,239,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, − \$8,030,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 – \$8,416,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, – \$8,134,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 – \$8,596,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, – \$9,281,000,000.

9 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

10 Fiscal year 2008:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 – \$86,330,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, – \$86,330,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2009:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 – \$67,060,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, – \$67,060,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2010:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 – \$70,645,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, – \$70,645,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2011:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 – \$73,364,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, – \$73,364,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2012:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 —\$76,104,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, —\$76,104,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2013:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 —\$79,691,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, —\$79,691,000,000.

9 **TITLE II—BUDGET PROCESS**
10 **Subtitle A—Direct Spending and**
11 **Receipts**

12 **SEC. 201. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION**
13 **INCREASING LONG-TERM DEFICITS.**

14 (a) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ANALYSIS OF
15 PROPOSALS.—The Director of the Congressional Budget
16 Office shall, to the extent practicable, prepare for each bill
17 and joint resolution reported from committee (except
18 measures within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Ap-
19 propriations), and amendments thereto and conference re-
20 ports thereon, an estimate of whether the measure would
21 cause, relative to current law, a net increase in deficits
22 in excess of \$0 in any of the 4 consecutive 10-year periods
23 beginning with the first fiscal year that is 10 years after
24 the budget year provided for in the most recently adopted
25 concurrent resolution on the budget.

1 (b) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in
 2 the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amend-
 3 ment, motion, or conference report that would cause a net
 4 increase in deficits in excess of \$0 in any of the 4 consecu-
 5 tive 10-year periods described in subsection (a).

6 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE
 7 SENATE.—

8 (1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or
 9 suspended only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths
 10 of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

11 (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
 12 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall
 13 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the
 14 Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

15 (d) DETERMINATIONS OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For
 16 purposes of this section, the levels of net deficit increases
 17 shall be determined on the basis of estimates provided by
 18 the Senate Committee on the Budget.

19 (e) SUNSET.—This section shall expire on September
 20 30, 2017.

21 (f) REPEAL.—In the Senate, subsections (a) through
 22 (d) and subsection (f) of section 203 of S. Con. Res. 21
 23 (110th Congress) shall no longer apply.

Subtitle B—Discretionary Spending

SEC. 211. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS, PROGRAM IN- TEGRITY INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUST- MENTS.

(a) SENATE POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill or joint resolution) that would cause the discretionary spending limits in this section to be exceeded.

(2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly

1 chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain
 2 an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point
 3 of order raised under this subsection.

4 (b) SENATE DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—In
 5 the Senate and as used in this section, the term “discre-
 6 tionary spending limit” means—

7 (1) for fiscal year 2008, \$1,055,478,000,000 in
 8 new budget authority and \$1,093,343,000,000 in
 9 outlays; and

10 (2) for fiscal year 2009, \$1,008,482,000,000 in
 11 new budget authority and \$1,108,449,000,000 in
 12 outlays;

13 as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment proce-
 14 dures in subsection (c).

15 (c) ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—After the reporting of a bill
 17 or joint resolution relating to any matter described
 18 in paragraph (2), or the offering of an amendment
 19 thereto or the submission of a conference report
 20 thereon—

21 (A) the Chairman of the Senate Committee
 22 on the Budget may adjust the discretionary
 23 spending limits, budgetary aggregates, and allo-
 24 cations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Con-
 25 gressional Budget Act of 1974, by the amount

of new budget authority in that measure for that purpose and the outlays flowing therefrom; and

(B) following any adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Senate Committee on Appropriations may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this subsection.

(2) MATTERS DESCRIBED.—Matters referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

(A) CONTINUING DISABILITY REVIEWS AND SSI REDETERMINATIONS.—If a bill or joint resolution is reported making appropriations for fiscal year 2009 that appropriates \$264,000,000 for continuing disability reviews and Supplemental Security Income redeterminations for the Social Security Administration, and provides an additional appropriation of up to \$240,000,000 for continuing disability reviews and Supplemental Security Income redeterminations for the Social Security Administration, then the discretionary spending limits, allocation to the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and aggregates may be adjusted by

1 the amounts provided in such legislation for
2 that purpose, but not to exceed \$240,000,000
3 in budget authority and outlays flowing there-
4 from for fiscal year 2009.

5 (B) INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE TAX EN-
6 FORCEMENT.—If a bill or joint resolution is re-
7 ported making appropriations for fiscal year
8 2009 that appropriates \$6,997,000,000 for the
9 Internal Revenue Service for enhanced tax en-
10 forcement to address the Federal tax gap (taxes
11 owed but not paid) and provides an additional
12 appropriation of up to \$490,000,000 for the In-
13 ternal Revenue Service for enhanced tax en-
14 forcement to address the Federal tax gap, then
15 the discretionary spending limits, allocation to
16 the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and
17 aggregates may be adjusted by the amounts
18 provided in such legislation for that purpose,
19 but not to exceed \$490,000,000 in budget au-
20 thority and outlays flowing therefrom for fiscal
21 year 2009.

22 (C) HEALTH CARE FRAUD AND ABUSE
23 CONTROL.—If a bill or joint resolution is re-
24 ported making appropriations for fiscal year
25 2009 that appropriates up to \$198,000,000 to

1 the Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control pro-
2 gram at the Department of Health and Human
3 Services, then the discretionary spending limits,
4 allocation to the Senate Committee on Appro-
5 priations, and aggregates may be adjusted by
6 the amounts provided in such legislation for
7 that purpose, but not to exceed \$198,000,000
8 in budget authority and outlays flowing there-
9 from for fiscal year 2009.

10 (D) UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE IM-
11 PROPER PAYMENT REVIEWS.—If a bill or joint
12 resolution is reported making appropriations for
13 fiscal year 2009 that appropriates \$10,000,000
14 for in-person reemployment and eligibility as-
15 sessments and unemployment insurance im-
16 proper payment reviews, and provides an addi-
17 tional appropriation of up to \$40,000,000 for
18 in-person reemployment and eligibility assess-
19 ments and unemployment insurance improper
20 payment reviews, then the discretionary spend-
21 ing limits, allocation to the Senate Committee
22 on Appropriations, and aggregates may be ad-
23 justed by the amounts provided in such legisla-
24 tion for that purpose, but not to exceed

1 \$40,000,000 in budget authority and outlays
2 flowing therefrom for fiscal year 2009.

3 (E) COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENESS RE-
4 SEARCH AT THE AGENCY FOR HEALTHCARE RE-
5 SEARCH AND QUALITY.—If a bill or joint reso-
6 lution is reported making appropriations for fis-
7 cal year 2009 that appropriates \$30,000,000
8 for comparative effectiveness research as au-
9 thorized under section 1013 of the Medicare
10 Prescription Drug, Improvement and Mod-
11 ernization Act of 2003, and provides an addi-
12 tional appropriation of up to \$70,000,000 for
13 that purpose, then the discretionary spending
14 limits, allocation to the Senate Committee on
15 Appropriations, and aggregates may be ad-
16 justed by the amounts provided in such legisla-
17 tion for that purpose, but not to exceed
18 \$70,000,000 in budget authority for fiscal year
19 2009 and the outlays flowing therefrom.

20 (F) REDUCING WASTE IN DEFENSE CON-
21 TRACTING.—If a bill or joint resolution is re-
22 ported making appropriations for fiscal year
23 2009 that appropriates up to \$100,000,000 to
24 the Department of Defense for additional activi-
25 ties to reduce waste, fraud, abuse, and overpay-

1 ments in defense contracting; achieve the legal
 2 requirement to submit auditable financial state-
 3 ments; or reduce waste by improving accounting
 4 for and ordering of spare parts, then the discre-
 5 tionary spending limits, allocation to the Com-
 6 mittee on Appropriations of the Senate, and ag-
 7 gregates may be adjusted by the amounts pro-
 8 vided in such legislation for that purpose, but
 9 not to exceed \$100,000,000 in budget authority
 10 and outlays flowing therefrom for fiscal year
 11 2009.

12 (3) ADJUSTMENTS FOR COSTS OF THE WARS IN
 13 IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.—The Chairman of the
 14 Senate Committee on the Budget may adjust the
 15 discretionary spending limits, allocations to the Sen-
 16 ate Committee on Appropriations, and aggregates
 17 for one or more—

18 (A) bills reported by the Senate Committee
 19 on Appropriations or passed by the House of
 20 Representatives;

21 (B) joint resolutions or amendments re-
 22 ported by the Senate Committee on Appropria-
 23 tions;

24 (C) amendments between the Houses re-
 25 ceived from the House of Representatives or

1 Senate amendments offered by the authority of
2 the Senate Committee on Appropriations; or

3 (D) conference reports;

4 making appropriations for fiscal year 2008 or 2009
5 for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, by the
6 amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
7 poses (and so designated pursuant to this para-
8 graph), up to \$108,056,000,000 in budget authority
9 for fiscal year 2008 and the new outlays flowing
10 therefrom, and up to \$70,000,000,000 in budget au-
11 thority for fiscal year 2009 and the new outlays
12 flowing therefrom.

13 (d) OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.—
14 In the Senate, all committees are directed to review pro-
15 grams within their jurisdictions to root out waste, fraud,
16 and abuse in program spending, giving particular scrutiny
17 to issues raised by Government Accountability Office re-
18 ports. Based on these oversight efforts and committee per-
19 formance reviews of programs within their jurisdictions,
20 committees are directed to include recommendations for
21 improved governmental performance in their annual views
22 and estimates reports required under section 301(d) of the
23 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on
24 the Budget.

1 (e) SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL
 2 YEAR 2008.—If legislation making supplemental appro-
 3 priations for fiscal year 2008 is enacted, the Chairman
 4 of the Senate Committee on the Budget shall make the
 5 appropriate adjustments in allocations, aggregates, discre-
 6 tionary spending limits, and other levels of new budget
 7 authority and outlays to reflect the difference between
 8 such measure and the corresponding levels assumed in this
 9 resolution.

10 (f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, subsections
 11 (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f) of section 207 of S. Con. Res.
 12 21 (110th Congress) shall no longer apply.

13 **SEC. 212. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-**
 14 **TIONS.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—

16 (1) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in
 17 subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate
 18 to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amend-
 19 ment, or conference report that would provide an ad-
 20 vance appropriation.

21 (2) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term
 22 “advance appropriation” means any new budget au-
 23 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making
 24 appropriations for fiscal year 2009 that first be-
 25 comes available for any fiscal year after 2009, or

1 any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint
 2 resolution making general appropriations or con-
 3 tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, that first
 4 becomes available for any fiscal year after 2010.

5 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may be
 6 provided—

7 (1) for fiscal years 2010 and 2011 for pro-
 8 grams, projects, activities, or accounts identified in
 9 the joint explanatory statement of managers accom-
 10 panying this resolution under the heading “Accounts
 11 Identified for Advance Appropriations” in an aggre-
 12 gate amount not to exceed \$29,352,000,000 in new
 13 budget authority in each year; and

14 (2) for the Corporation for Public Broad-
 15 casting.

16 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

17 (1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
 18 may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative
 19 vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
 20 sworn.

21 (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
 22 fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
 23 sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
 24 ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
 25 subsection (a).

1 (d) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order
2 under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as pro-
3 vided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act
4 of 1974.

5 (e) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is
6 considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-
7 tween the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of
8 order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section,
9 and such point of order being sustained, such material
10 contained in such conference report shall be deemed
11 stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the
12 question of whether the Senate shall recede from its
13 amendment and concur with a further amendment, or con-
14 cur in the House amendment with a further amendment,
15 as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist
16 of only that portion of the conference report or House
17 amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such
18 motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in
19 which such point of order is sustained against a conference
20 report (or Senate amendment derived from such con-
21 ference report by operation of this subsection), no further
22 amendment shall be in order.

23 (f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 206(a)
24 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress) shall no longer apply.

1 **SEC. 213. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVISIONS**
2 **OF APPROPRIATIONS LEGISLATION THAT**
3 **CONSTITUTE CHANGES IN MANDATORY PRO-**
4 **GRAMS WITH NET COSTS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in
6 order to consider any appropriations legislation, including
7 any amendment thereto, motion in relation thereto, or
8 conference report thereon, that includes any provision
9 which constitutes a change in a mandatory program pro-
10 ducing net costs, as defined in subsection (b), that would
11 have been estimated as affecting direct spending or re-
12 ceipts under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and
13 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as in effect prior
14 to September 30, 2002) were they included in legislation
15 other than appropriations legislation. A point of order pur-
16 suant to this section shall be raised against such provision
17 or provisions as described in subsections (e) and (f).

18 (b) CHANGES IN MANDATORY PROGRAMS PRO-
19 DUCING NET COSTS.—A provision or provisions shall be
20 subject to a point of order pursuant to this section if—

21 (1) the provision would increase budget author-
22 ity in at least 1 of the 9 fiscal years that follow the
23 budget year and over the period of the total of the
24 budget year and the 9 fiscal years following the
25 budget year;

1 (2) the provision would increase net outlays
 2 over the period of the total of the 9 fiscal years fol-
 3 lowing the budget year; and

4 (3) the sum total of all changes in mandatory
 5 programs in the legislation would increase net out-
 6 lays as measured over the period of the total of the
 7 9 fiscal years following the budget year.

8 (c) DETERMINATION.—The determination of whether
 9 a provision is subject to a point of order pursuant to this
 10 section shall be made by the Committee on the Budget
 11 of the Senate.

12 (d) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This
 13 section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only
 14 by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly
 15 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
 16 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall
 17 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair
 18 on a point of order raised under this section.

19 (e) GENERAL POINT OF ORDER.—It shall be in order
 20 for a Senator to raise a single point of order that several
 21 provisions of a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or con-
 22 ference report violate this section. The Presiding Officer
 23 may sustain the point of order as to some or all of the
 24 provisions against which the Senator raised the point of
 25 order. If the Presiding Officer so sustains the point of

1 order as to some of the provisions (including provisions
 2 of an amendment, motion, or conference report) against
 3 which the Senator raised the point of order, then only
 4 those provisions (including provision of an amendment,
 5 motion, or conference report) against which the Presiding
 6 Officer sustains the point of order shall be deemed stricken
 7 pursuant to this section. Before the Presiding Officer
 8 rules on such a point of order, any Senator may move to
 9 waive such a point of order as it applies to some or all
 10 of the provisions against which the point of order was
 11 raised. Such a motion to waive is amendable in accordance
 12 with rules and precedents of the Senate. After the Pre-
 13 siding Officer rules on such a point of order, any Senator
 14 may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on such
 15 a point of order as it applies to some or all of the provi-
 16 sions on which the Presiding Officer ruled.

17 (f) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—When the Sen-
 18 ate is considering a conference report on, or an amend-
 19 ment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a
 20 point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this
 21 section, and such point of order being sustained, such ma-
 22 terial contained in such conference report or amendment
 23 shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to
 24 consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede
 25 from its amendment and concur with a further amend-

1 ment, or concur in the House amendment with a further
 2 amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment
 3 shall consist of only that portion of the conference report
 4 or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken.
 5 Any such motion shall be debatable. In any case in which
 6 such point of order is sustained against a conference re-
 7 port (or Senate amendment derived from such conference
 8 report by operation of this subsection), no further amend-
 9 ment shall be in order.

10 (g) EFFECTIVENESS.—This section shall not apply to
 11 any provision constituting a change in a mandatory pro-
 12 gram in appropriations legislation if such provision has
 13 been enacted in each of the 3 fiscal years prior to the
 14 budget year.

15 **SEC. 214. DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES OF**
 16 **THE POSTAL SERVICE.**

17 In the Senate, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of
 18 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and section 2009a
 19 of title 39, United States Code, the joint explanatory
 20 statement accompanying the conference report on any con-
 21 current resolution on the budget shall include in its alloca-
 22 tions under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget
 23 Act of 1974 to the Committee on Appropriations amounts
 24 for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Postal
 25 Service.

1 **Subtitle C—Other Provisions**

2 **SEC. 221. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-** 3 **CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.**

4 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
 5 and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

6 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-
 7 ation;

8 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that
 9 measure; and

10 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as
 11 soon as practicable.

12 (b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AG-
 13 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
 14 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
 15 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
 16 tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.

17 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For
 18 purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget au-
 19 thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-
 20 ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or
 21 period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of
 22 estimates made by the Senate Committee on the Budget.

1 **SEC. 222. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-**
 2 **CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.**

3 Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution pro-
 4 viding for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chair-
 5 man of the Senate Committee on the Budget may make
 6 adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution
 7 in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced Budget
 8 and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as in effect
 9 prior to September 30, 2002).

10 **SEC. 223. DEBT DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order to consider
 12 a budget resolution in the Senate unless it contains a debt
 13 disclosure section including all, and only, the following dis-
 14 closures regarding debt:

15 **“SEC. ____ . DEBT DISCLOSURES.**

16 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The levels assumed in this budg-
 17 et resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the nation
 18 to rise/fall by \$_____ from the current year, fiscal
 19 year 20____, to the fifth year of the budget window, fiscal
 20 year 20_____.

21 “(b) PER PERSON.—The levels assumed in this
 22 budget resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the na-
 23 tion to rise/fall by \$_____ on every United States cit-
 24 izen from the current year, fiscal year 20____ to the fifth
 25 year of the budget window, fiscal year 20_____.

1 “(c) SOCIAL SECURITY.—The levels assumed in this
2 budget resolution project that \$_____ of the Social Se-
3 curity surplus will be spent over the 5-year budget window,
4 fiscal years 20____–20____, on things other than Social
5 Security which represents ____ percent of the projected
6 Social Security surplus over this period.”.

7 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY.—If any portion of the Social
8 Security surplus is projected to be spent and/or the gross
9 Federal debt in the fifth year of the budget window is
10 greater than the debt projected in the current year, as de-
11 scribed in the debt disclosure section described in sub-
12 section (a) of this section, the report, print, or statement
13 of managers accompanying the budget resolution shall
14 contain a section that—

15 (1) details the circumstances making it in the
16 national interest to allow Federal debt to increase
17 rather than taking steps to reduce the debt; and

18 (2) provides a justification for allowing the sur-
19 pluses in the Social Security Trust Fund to be spent
20 on other functions of Government even as the baby
21 boom generation retires, program costs are projected
22 to rise dramatically, the debt owed to Social Security
23 is about to come due, and the Trust Fund is pro-
24 jected to go insolvent.

1 (c) DEFINITIONS.—The term “gross Federal debt”
2 described above represents nominal increases in gross
3 Federal debt measured at the end of each fiscal year dur-
4 ing the period of the budget, not debt as a percentage of
5 gross domestic product, and not levels relative to baseline
6 projections.

7 **SEC. 224. DEBT DISCLOSURES.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The levels assumed in this budget
9 resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the nation to
10 rise by \$2,000,000,000,000 from the current year, fiscal
11 year 2008, to the fifth year of the budget window, fiscal
12 year 2013.

13 (b) PER PERSON.—The levels assumed in this budget
14 resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the nation to
15 rise by \$6,440 on every United States citizen from the
16 current year, fiscal year 2008, to the fifth year of the
17 budget window, fiscal year 2013.

18 (c) SOCIAL SECURITY.—The levels assumed in this
19 budget resolution project \$800,000,000,000 of the Social
20 Security surplus will be spent over the 5-year budget win-
21 dow, fiscal years 2009–2013, on things other than Social
22 Security, which represents 70 percent of the projected So-
23 cial Security surplus over this period.

24 **SEC. 225. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.**

25 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

1 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
 2 the Senate, and as such they shall be considered as
 3 part of the rules of the Senate and such rules shall
 4 supersede other rules only to the extent that they
 5 are inconsistent with such other rules; and

6 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional
 7 right of the Senate to change those rules at any
 8 time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
 9 as is the case of any other rule of the Senate.

10 **TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS**

11 **SEC. 301. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STRENGTH-** 12 **EN AND STIMULATE THE AMERICAN ECON-** 13 **OMY AND PROVIDE ECONOMIC RELIEF TO** 14 **AMERICAN FAMILIES.**

15 (a) TAX RELIEF.—The Chairman of the Senate Com-
 16 mittee on the Budget may revise the aggregates, alloca-
 17 tions, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for
 18 one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions,
 19 or conference reports that would provide tax relief, includ-
 20 ing extensions of expiring tax relief and refundable tax
 21 relief, by the amounts provided in that legislation for those
 22 purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase
 23 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
 24 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal
 25 years 2008 through 2018.

1 (b) MANUFACTURING.—The Chairman of the Senate
2 Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, ag-
3 gregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution
4 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-
5 tions, or conference reports, including tax legislation, that
6 would revitalize the United States domestic manufacturing
7 sector by increasing Federal research and development, by
8 expanding the scope and effectiveness of manufacturing
9 programs across the Federal government, by increasing
10 support for development of alternative fuels and leap-
11 ahead automotive and energy technologies, or by estab-
12 lishing tax incentives to encourage the continued produc-
13 tion in the United States of advanced technologies and the
14 infrastructure to support such technologies, by the
15 amounts provided in that legislation for those purposes,
16 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
17 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
18 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years
19 2008 through 2018.

20 (c) HOUSING.—The Chairman of the Senate Com-
21 mittee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a com-
22 mittee or committees, aggregates, and other levels in this
23 resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-
24 ments, motions, or conference reports that would provide
25 housing assistance, which may include low income rental

1 assistance, or establish an affordable housing fund fi-
2 nanced by the housing government sponsored enterprises
3 or other sources, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
4 tion for those purposes, provided that such legislation
5 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
6 total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
7 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

8 (d) FLOOD INSURANCE REFORM.—The Chairman of
9 the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allo-
10 cations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and
11 other levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint
12 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports
13 that would provide for flood insurance reform and mod-
14 ernization, by the amounts provided in such legislation for
15 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not
16 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
17 fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total
18 of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

19 (e) TRADE.—The Chairman of the Senate Committee
20 on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and
21 other levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint
22 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports
23 relating to trade agreements, preferences, sanctions, en-
24 forcement, or customs, by the amounts provided in such
25 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-

tion would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

(f) ECONOMIC RELIEF FOR AMERICAN FAMILIES.—
The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports which—

(1) reauthorizes the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families supplemental grants or makes improvements to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, child welfare programs, or the child support enforcement program;

(2) provides up to \$5,000,000,000 for the child care entitlement to States;

(3) improves the unemployment compensation program; or

(4) reauthorizes the trade adjustment assistance programs;

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

1 (g) AMERICA'S FARMS AND ECONOMIC INVESTMENT
 2 IN RURAL AMERICA.—

3 (1) FARM BILL.—The Chairman of the Senate
 4 Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations,
 5 aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this reso-
 6 lution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-
 7 ments, motions, or conference reports that provide
 8 for the reauthorization of the programs of the Food
 9 Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 or prior
 10 Acts, authorize similar or related programs, provide
 11 for revenue changes, or any combination of the pre-
 12 ceding purposes, by the amounts provided in such
 13 legislation for those purposes up to \$15,000,000,000
 14 over the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
 15 through 2013, provided that such legislation would
 16 not increase the deficit over either the period of the
 17 total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period
 18 of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

19 (2) COUNTY PAYMENTS.—The Chairman of the
 20 Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the al-
 21 locations of a committee or committees, aggregates,
 22 and other appropriate levels and limits in this reso-
 23 lution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-
 24 ments, motions, or conference reports that provide
 25 for the reauthorization of the Secure Rural Schools

1 and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000
2 (Public Law 106–393), make changes to the Pay-
3 ments in Lieu of Taxes Act of 1976 (Public Law
4 94–565), or both, by the amounts provided by that
5 legislation for those purposes, provided that such
6 legislation would not increase the deficit over either
7 the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through
8 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
9 through 2018.

10 **SEC. 302. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR IMPROV-**
11 **ING EDUCATION.**

12 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budg-
13 et may revise the aggregates, allocations, and other appro-
14 priate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint
15 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports
16 that would make higher education more accessible or more
17 affordable, which may include increasing funding for the
18 Federal Pell Grant program, facilitate modernization of
19 school facilities through renovation or construction bonds,
20 reduce the cost of teachers’ out-of-pocket expenses for
21 school supplies, or provide tax incentives for highly-quali-
22 fied teachers to serve in high-needs schools, by the
23 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
24 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
25 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008

1 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years
 2 2008 through 2018. The legislation may include tax bene-
 3 fits and other revenue provisions.

4 **SEC. 303. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST-**
 5 **MENTS IN AMERICA'S INFRASTRUCTURE.**

6 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budg-
 7 et may revise the aggregates, allocations, and other appro-
 8 priate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more
 9 bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-
 10 ference reports that provide for a robust federal invest-
 11 ment in America's infrastructure, which may include
 12 projects for transit, public housing, energy, water, high-
 13 way, bridge, or other infrastructure projects, by the
 14 amounts provided in that legislation for those purposes,
 15 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
 16 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
 17 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years
 18 2008 through 2018.

19 **SEC. 304. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INVEST IN**
 20 **CLEAN ENERGY, PRESERVE THE ENVIRON-**
 21 **MENT, AND PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN SETTLE-**
 22 **MENTS.**

23 (a) ENERGY AND THE ENVIRONMENT.—The Chair-
 24 man of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise
 25 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,

1 and other levels and limits in this resolution for one or
2 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-
3 ference reports that would decrease greenhouse gas emis-
4 sions, reduce our Nation's dependence on imported energy,
5 produce green jobs, or preserve or protect national parks,
6 oceans, or coastal areas, by the amounts provided in such
7 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-
8 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period
9 of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the pe-
10 riod of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018. The
11 legislation may include tax legislation such as a proposal
12 to extend energy tax incentives like the production tax
13 credit for electricity produced from renewable resources,
14 the Clean Renewable Energy Bond program, or provisions
15 to encourage energy efficient buildings, products, and
16 power plants.

17 (b) SETTLEMENTS.—The Chairman of the Senate
18 Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of
19 a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-
20 priate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint
21 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports
22 that would fulfill the purposes of the San Joaquin River
23 Restoration Settlement Act or implement a Navajo Nation
24 water rights settlement and other provisions authorized by
25 the Northwestern New Mexico Rural Water Projects Act,

1 by the amounts provided by that legislation for those pur-
 2 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
 3 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
 4 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal
 5 years 2008 through 2018.

6 **SEC. 305. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AMER-**
 7 **ICA'S VETERANS AND WOUNDED**
 8 **SERVICEMEMBERS AND FOR A POST 9/11 GI**
 9 **BILL.**

10 (a) VETERANS AND WOUNDED SERVICEMEMBERS.—
 11 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget
 12 may revise the allocations of a committee or committees,
 13 aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution
 14 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-
 15 tions, or conference reports which would—

16 (1) enhance medical care, disability evaluations,
 17 or disability benefits for wounded or disabled mili-
 18 tary personnel or veterans;

19 (2) provide for or increase benefits to Filipino
 20 veterans of World War II, their survivors and de-
 21 pendants; or

22 (3) allow for the transfer of education benefits
 23 from servicemembers to family members;

24 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
 25 poses, provided that such legislation does not include in-

1 creased fees charged to veterans for pharmacy co-pay-
 2 ments, annual enrollment, or third-party insurance pay-
 3 ment offsets, and further provided that such legislation
 4 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
 5 total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
 6 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

7 (b) POST 9/11 GI BILL.—The Chairman of the Sen-
 8 ate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations
 9 of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other ap-
 10 propriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,
 11 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-
 12 ports which would enhance educational benefits of service
 13 members and veterans with service on active duty in the
 14 Armed Forces on or after September 11, 2001, by the
 15 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
 16 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
 17 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
 18 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years
 19 2008 through 2018.

20 **SEC. 306. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**
 21 **AMERICA'S HEALTH.**

22 (a) SCHIP.—The Chairman of the Senate Com-
 23 mittee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggre-
 24 gates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for
 25 a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference

1 report that provides up to \$50,000,000,000 in outlays over
2 the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013
3 for reauthorization of SCHIP, if such legislation main-
4 tains coverage for those currently enrolled in SCHIP, con-
5 tinues efforts to enroll uninsured children who are already
6 eligible for SCHIP or Medicaid but are not enrolled, or
7 supports States in their efforts to move forward in cov-
8 ering more children, by the amounts provided in that legis-
9 lation for those purposes, provided that the outlay adjust-
10 ment shall not exceed \$50,000,000,000 in outlays over the
11 period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013, and
12 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
13 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
14 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years
15 2008 through 2018.

16 (b) MEDICARE IMPROVEMENTS.—

17 (1) PHYSICIAN PAYMENTS.—The Chairman of
18 the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the
19 aggregates, allocations, and other appropriate levels
20 in this resolution for a bill, joint resolution, amend-
21 ment, motion, or conference report that increases
22 the reimbursement rate for physician services under
23 section 1848(d) of the Social Security Act and that
24 includes financial incentives for physicians to im-
25 prove the quality and efficiency of items and services

1 furnished to Medicare beneficiaries through the use
2 of consensus-based quality measures, by the
3 amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
4 poses, provided that such legislation would not in-
5 crease the deficit over either the period of the total
6 of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
7 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

8 (2) OTHER IMPROVEMENTS TO MEDICARE.—

9 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the
10 Budget may revise the aggregates, allocations, and
11 other appropriate levels in this resolution for a bill,
12 joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference
13 report that makes improvements to the Medicare
14 program, which may include improvements to the
15 prescription drug benefit under Medicare Part D,
16 adjustments to the Medicare Savings Program, and
17 reductions in beneficiary cost-sharing for preventive
18 benefits under Medicare Part B, or measures to en-
19 courage physicians to train in primary care
20 residencies and attract more physicians and other
21 health care providers to States that face a shortage
22 of health care providers, by the amounts provided in
23 such legislation for those purposes up to
24 \$10,000,000,000, provided that such legislation
25 would not increase the deficit over either the period

1 of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the
 2 period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through
 3 2018.

4 (c) HEALTH CARE QUALITY, EFFECTIVENESS, EFFI-
 5 CIENCY, AND TRANSPARENCY.—

6 (1) COMPARATIVE EFFECTIVENESS RE-
 7 SEARCH.—The Chairman of the Senate Committee
 8 on the Budget may revise the allocations of a com-
 9 mittee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-
 10 priate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,
 11 joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-
 12 ference reports that establish a new Federal or pub-
 13 lic-private initiative for comparative effectiveness re-
 14 search, by the amounts provided in such legislation
 15 for those purposes, provided that such legislation
 16 would not increase the deficit over either the period
 17 of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the
 18 period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through
 19 2018.

20 (2) IMPROVING THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM.—
 21 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the
 22 Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and
 23 other levels in this resolution for a bill, joint resolu-
 24 tion, motion, amendment, or conference report
 25 that—

1 (A) creates a framework and parameters
 2 for the use of Medicare data for the purpose of
 3 conducting research, public reporting, and other
 4 activities to evaluate health care safety, effec-
 5 tiveness, efficiency, quality, and resource utili-
 6 zation in Federal programs and the private
 7 health care system; and

8 (B) includes provisions to protect bene-
 9 ficiary privacy and to prevent disclosure of pro-
 10 prietary or trade secret information with re-
 11 spect to the transfer and use of such data;

12 provided that such legislation would not increase the
 13 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal
 14 years 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total
 15 of fiscal 2008 through 2018.

16 (3) HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND
 17 ADHERENCE TO BEST PRACTICES.—

18 (A) HEALTH INFORMATION TECH-
 19 NOLOGY.—The Chairman of the Committee on
 20 the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-
 21 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates,
 22 and other appropriate levels and limits in this
 23 resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions,
 24 amendments, motions, or conference reports
 25 that provide incentives or other support for

1 adoption of modern information technology to
2 improve quality and protect privacy in health
3 care, such as activities by the Department of
4 Defense and the Department of Veterans Af-
5 fairs to integrate their electronic health record
6 data, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
7 tion for that purpose, provided that such legis-
8 lation would not increase the deficit over either
9 the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
10 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal
11 years 2008 through 2018.

12 (B) ADHERENCE TO BEST PRACTICES.—

13 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget
14 of the Senate may revise the allocations of a
15 committee or committees, aggregates, and other
16 appropriate levels and limits in this resolution
17 for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-
18 ments, motions, or conference reports that pro-
19 vide incentives for Medicare providers or sup-
20 pliers to comply with, where available and medi-
21 cally appropriate, clinical protocols identified as
22 best practices, by the amounts provided in such
23 legislation for that purpose, provided in the
24 Senate that such legislation would not increase
25 the deficit over either the period of the total of

1 fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
2 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

3 (d) FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.—

4 (1) REGULATION.—The Chairman of the Sen-
5 ate Committee on the Budget may revise the alloca-
6 tions, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
7 this resolution for a bill, joint resolution, motion,
8 amendment, or conference report that authorizes the
9 Food and Drug Administration to regulate products
10 and assess user fees on manufacturers and import-
11 ers of those products to cover the cost of the Food
12 and Drug Administration’s regulatory activities, by
13 the amounts provided in that legislation for those
14 purposes, provided that such legislation would not
15 increase the deficit over either the period of the total
16 of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
17 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

18 (2) DRUG IMPORTATION.—The Chairman of the
19 Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the ag-
20 gregates, allocations, and other levels in this resolu-
21 tion for a bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment,
22 or conference report that permits the safe importa-
23 tion of prescription drugs approved by the Food and
24 Drug Administration from a specified list of coun-
25 tries, by the amounts provided in such legislation for

1 those purposes, provided that such legislation would
2 not increase the deficit over either the period of the
3 total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period
4 of the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

5 (e) MEDICAID.—

6 (1) RULES OR ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—The
7 Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget
8 may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other ap-
9 propriate levels in this resolution for a bill, joint res-
10 olution, amendment, motion, or conference report
11 that includes provisions regarding the final rule pub-
12 lished on May 29, 2007, on pages 29748 through
13 29836 of volume 72, Federal Register (relating to
14 parts 433, 447, and 457 of title 42, Code of Federal
15 Regulations) or any other rule or other administra-
16 tive action that would affect the Medicaid program
17 or SCHIP in a similar manner, or place restrictions
18 on coverage of or payment for graduate medical edu-
19 cation, rehabilitation services, or school-based ad-
20 ministration, school-based transportation, or optional
21 case management services under title XIX of the So-
22 cial Security Act, or includes provisions regarding
23 administrative guidance issued in August 2007 af-
24 fecting SCHIP or any other administrative action
25 that would affect SCHIP in a similar manner, by

1 the amounts provided in that legislation for those
2 purposes, provided that such legislation would not
3 increase the deficit over either the total of the period
4 of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the total of the
5 period of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

6 (2) TRANSITIONAL MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
7 Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget
8 may revise the allocations of a committee or commit-
9 tees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this
10 resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
11 amendments, motions or conference reports that ex-
12 tend the Transitional Medical Assistance program,
13 included in title XIX of the Social Security Act, by
14 the amounts provided in such legislation for those
15 purposes, provided that such legislation would not
16 increase the deficit over either the total of the period
17 of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the total of the
18 period of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

19 (f) OTHER IMPROVEMENTS IN HEALTH.—The Chair-
20 man of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise
21 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,
22 and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or
23 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-
24 ference reports which—

1 (1) make health insurance coverage more af-
2 fordable or available to small businesses and their
3 employees, through pooling arrangements that pro-
4 vide appropriate consumer protections;

5 (2) improve health care, provide quality health
6 insurance for the uninsured and underinsured, and
7 protect individuals with current health coverage;

8 (3) reauthorize the special diabetes program for
9 Indians and the special diabetes programs for Type
10 1 diabetes;

11 (4) improve long-term care, enhance the safety
12 and dignity of patients, encourage appropriate use of
13 institutional and community-based care, promote
14 quality care, or provide for the cost-effective use of
15 public resources; or

16 (5) provide parity between health insurance cov-
17 erage of mental health benefits and benefits for
18 medical and surgical services, including parity in
19 public programs;

20 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
21 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
22 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
23 2008 through 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal
24 years 2008 through 2018.

1 (g) PEDIATRIC DENTAL CARE.—The Chairman of
2 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise
3 the aggregates, allocations, and other appropriate levels
4 in this resolution for a bill, joint resolution, amendment,
5 motion, or conference report that would provide for im-
6 proved access to pediatric dental care for children from
7 low-income families, by the amounts provided in such leg-
8 islation for such purpose, provided that such legislation
9 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
10 total of fiscal years 2008 through 2013 or the period of
11 the total of fiscal years 2008 through 2018.

12 **SEC. 307. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR JUDICIAL**
13 **PAY AND JUDGESHIPS.**

14 The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budg-
15 et may revise the allocations of a committee or commit-
16 tees, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution for one
17 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or
18 conference reports that would authorize salary adjust-
19 ments for justices and judges of the United States or in-
20 crease the number of Federal judgeships, by the amounts
21 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided
22 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over
23 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2008 through
24 2013 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2008
25 through 2018.

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2^D Session

S. CON. RES. 70

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the
United States Government for fiscal year 2009
and including the appropriate budgetary levels
for fiscal years 2008 and 2010 through 2013.

MARCH 7, 2008

Placed on the calendar